DESCRIPTIONS OF TWO NEW SPECIES OF TAS-MANIAN FRESH-WATER SHELLS.

BY W. F. PETTERD.

Plate XLIV.

ANCYLUS IRVINCE. N. SP.

Shell thin, diaphanous, horney-brown, delicate; inflated, with about 12-14 distant, distinct, irregular, somewhat angular radiating riblets, concentrically, finely, irregularly striate with a silky appearance; apex prominent, recurved dextrally; aperture orate, margins expanded; interior shining, plainly showing the impression formed by the riblets.

> Length, 19 mill. Breadth, 14 ,, Alt., 7 ,,

Habitat-the Great Lake (Irvine).

This wonderfully fine and interesting addition to our Mollucan fauna was obtained by Mr. R. Irvine, of Launceston, during an excursion to the Lake district. It was found attached to the rocks in the shallow margin of the lake, and although apparently numerous at the particular locality visited but only a very limited number of examples were collected. Associated with it was found Cyclas Tasmanica, Tenison Woods, and an apparently new species of Physa. Unfortunately I have not had an opportunity of examining the animal or lingual membrane. This species is not only the finest form of the genus discovered in this island, but is also by far the finest in the world. It is quite distinct from all the species hitherto known-the nearest is our Ancylus Cumingianus Bourguignat (Pro. Zoo. Soc., 1853) from above New Norfolk, but from it may be known by its much larger size and by the unique character of being radiately ribbed. The few species described from Australia are all very minute and have no resemblance to either A. Cumingianus or the form now described. It is dedicated to Mrs. Irvine, sen., a great lover of shells.

